

# ATTRIBUTE REPAIR FOR THREAT PREVENTION

SAFECOMP 2023

Dejan Ničković

AIT Austrian Institute of Technology

Joint work with Thorsten Tarrach, Masoud Ebrahimi, Sandra König, Christoph Schmittner and Roderick Bloem



# MOTIVATION



Larger attack surfaces

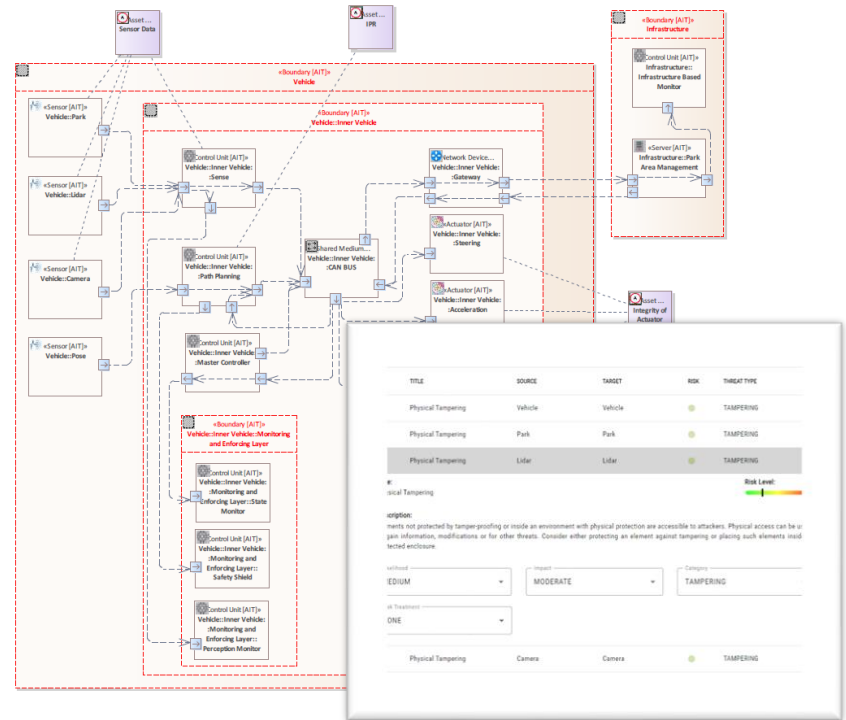
New security standards  
ISO/SAE 21434



→ **Security as first-class citizen from early stages of design**

# THREATGET

- THREATGET - tool for threat management and analysis
- Reusable analysis results
- Traceable mitigations and design decisions
- Up-to-date threat catalogue



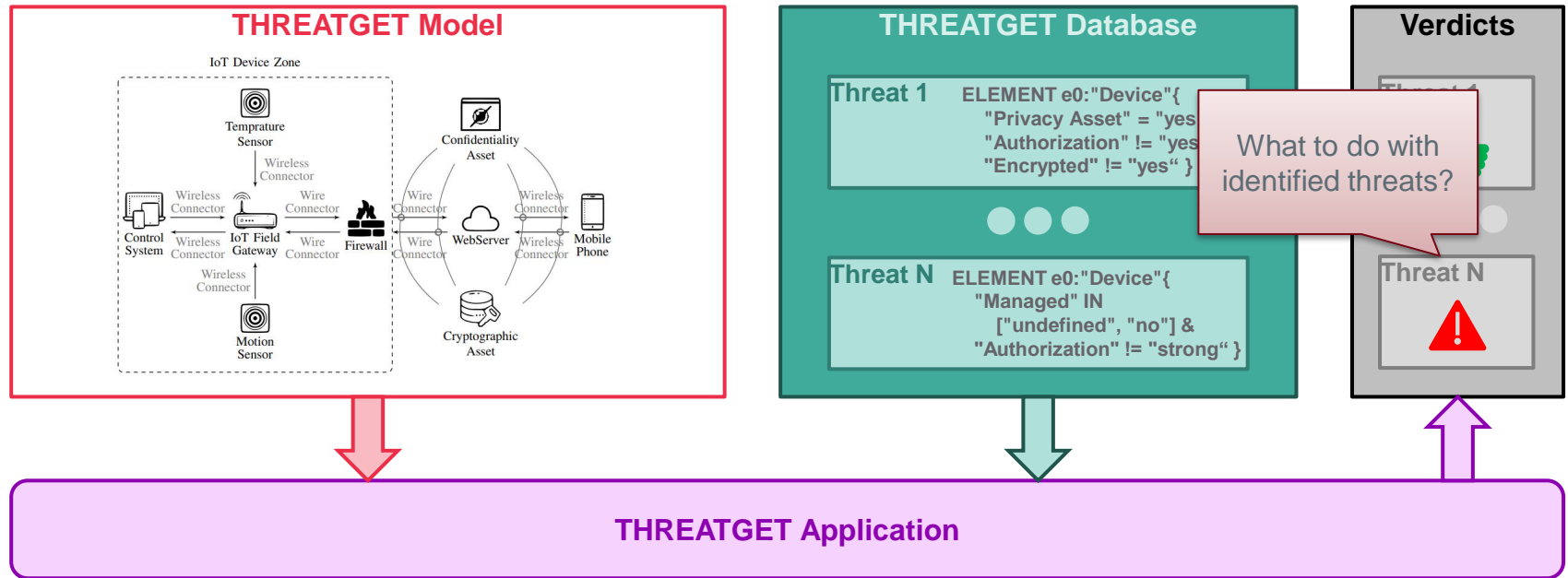
<https://www.threatget.com/>

Commercial tool, free academic license

# THREAT MODELING WITH THREATGET



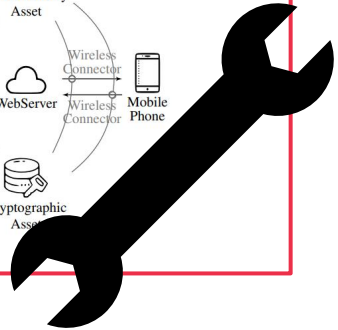
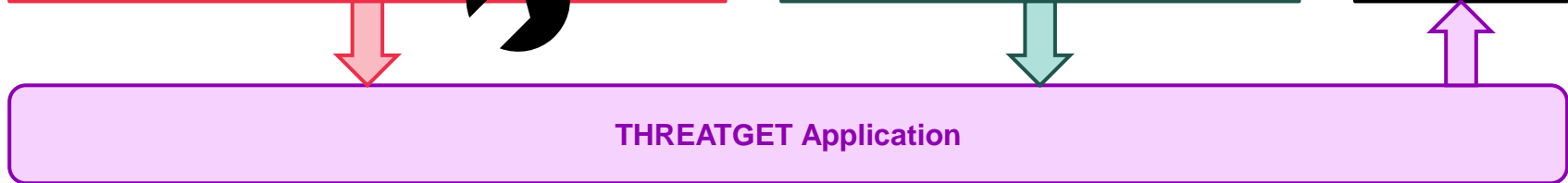
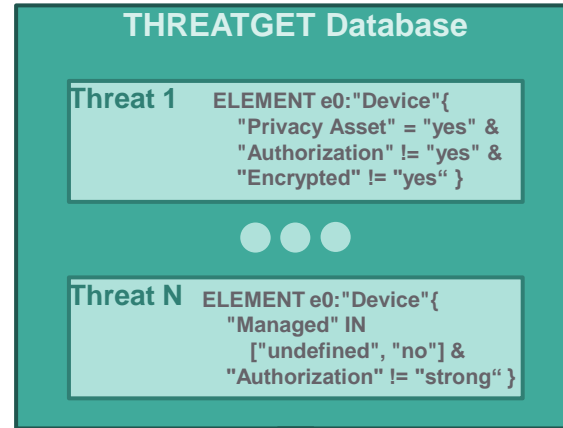
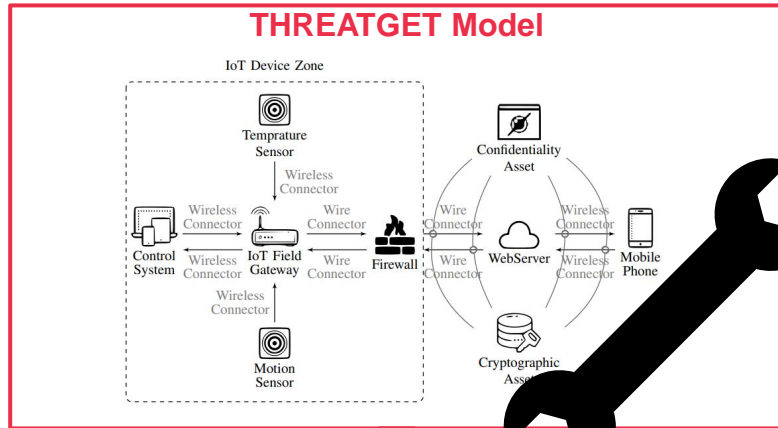
<https://www.threatget.com/>



# MODEL REPAIR



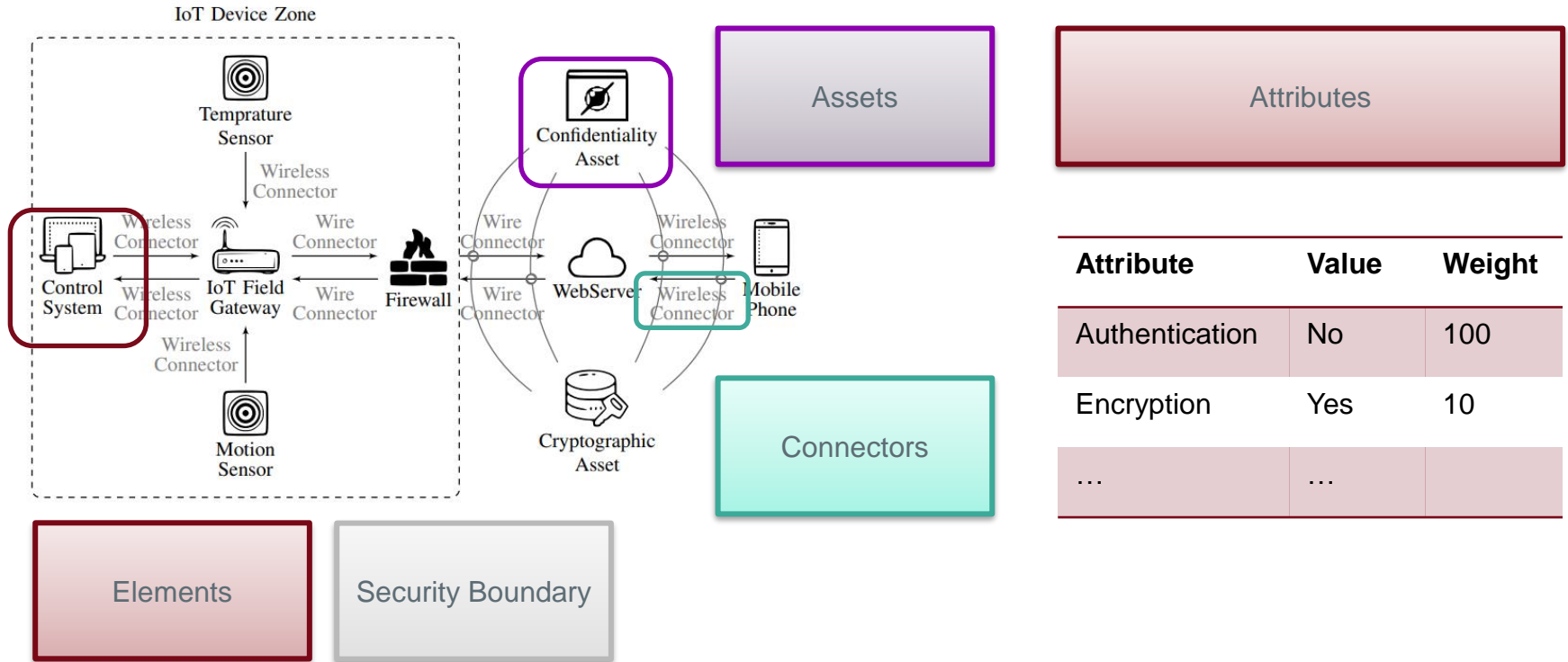
<https://www.threatget.com/>



# MODEL REPAIR

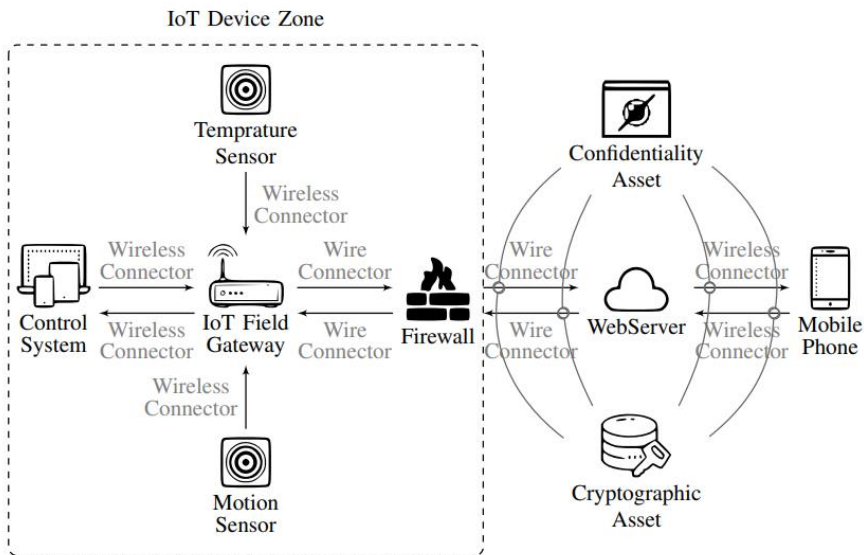


# SYSTEM MODEL



Attribute	Value	Weight
Authentication	No	100
Encryption	Yes	10
...	...	

# ATTRIBUTE REPAIR



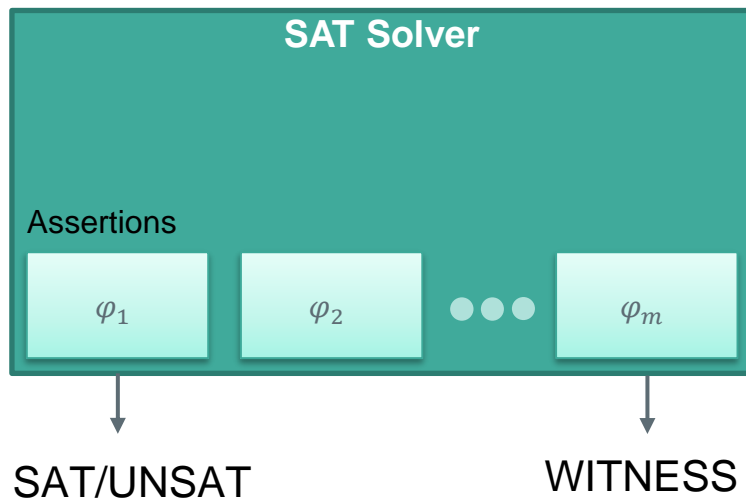
Attribute	Value	Weight
Authentication	No	100
Encryption	Yes	10
...	...	...

- We repair **security attributes** of elements and connectors
- We are not allowed to changed the structure of the model



# SAT

- Problem of determining if there exists an interpretation that satisfies a given Boolean formula



## Example

$$\varphi_1 = p \wedge (q \vee r)$$

$$\varphi_2 = p \wedge (q \wedge r) \wedge (q \wedge \neg r)$$

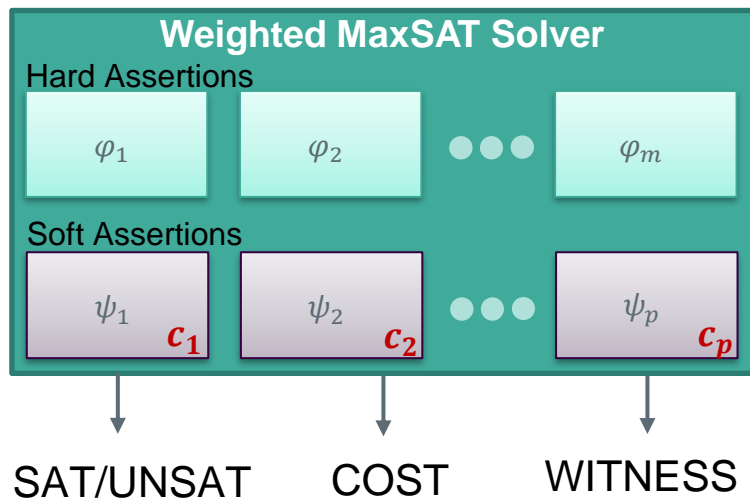
$$\text{solve}(\varphi_1) = \text{SAT}$$

$$\text{solve}(\varphi_2) = \text{UNSAT}$$

$$\text{witness}(\varphi_1) = (p \rightarrow 1, q \rightarrow 1, r \rightarrow 0)$$

# WEIGHTED MAXSAT

- Problem of determining the subset of clauses of a Boolean formula that can be made true by an interpretation and that minimizes the cost.



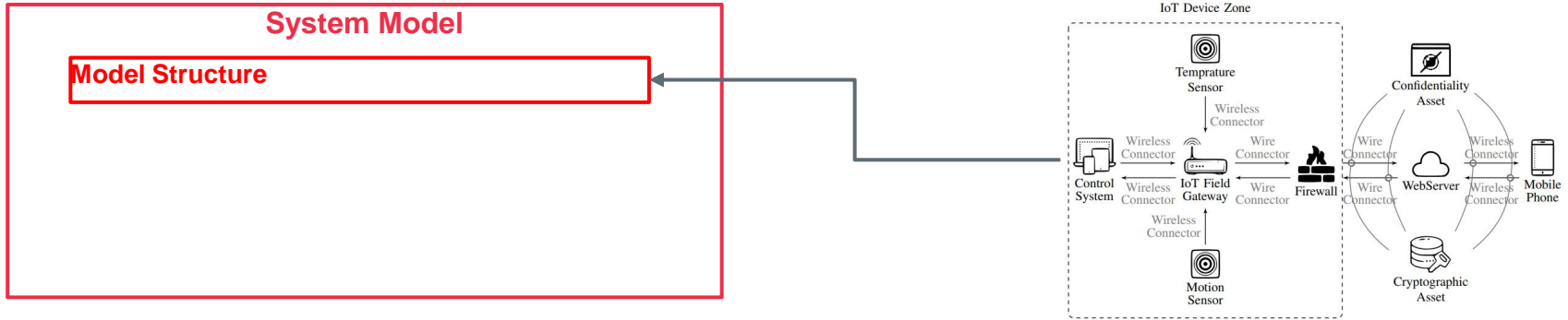
## Weighted MaxSAT

Given a set of formulas  $\{\varphi_1, \dots, \varphi_m\}$  and  $\{\psi_1, \dots, \psi_p\}$  and a set of real-valued costs  $\{c_1, \dots, c_p\}$ , weighted MaxSAT consists in finding  $K \subseteq \{1, \dots, p\}$  such that:

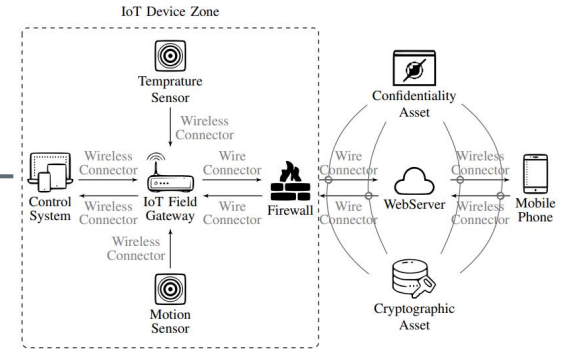
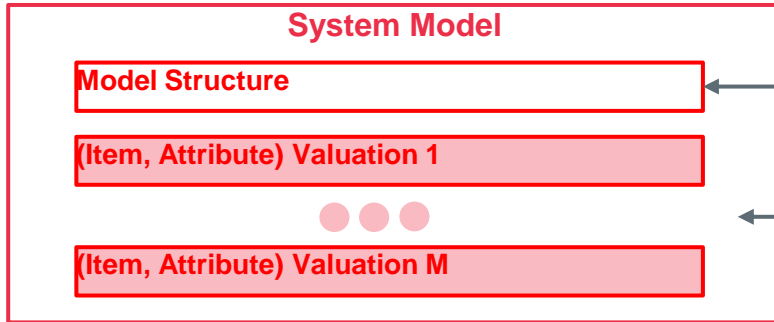
- $\bigwedge_{i \in \{1, \dots, m\}} \varphi_i \wedge \bigwedge_{i \in K} \psi_i$  is SAT
- $\sum_{i \in \{1, \dots, p\} - K} c_i$  is minimized

$$\begin{aligned} \varphi_1 &= (p \wedge q) \vee \neg r \\ \psi_1 &= r, c_1 = 5 \\ \psi_2 &= p \wedge \neg q, c_2 = 2 \\ \text{solve}(\varphi_1 \wedge \psi_1 \wedge \psi_2) &= \text{UNSAT} \\ \text{maxsat\_solve}(\varphi_1 \wedge \psi_1 \wedge \psi_2) &= \text{SAT} \\ K &= \{1\} \\ \text{cost}(\varphi_1 \wedge \psi_1 \wedge \psi_2) &= 2 \\ \text{witness}(\varphi_1 \wedge \psi_1 \wedge \psi_2) &= (p \rightarrow 1, q \rightarrow 1, r \rightarrow 1) \end{aligned}$$

# ATTRIBUTE REPAIR AS WEIGHTED MAXSAT

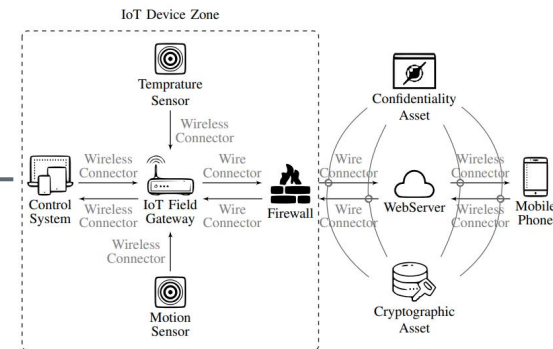
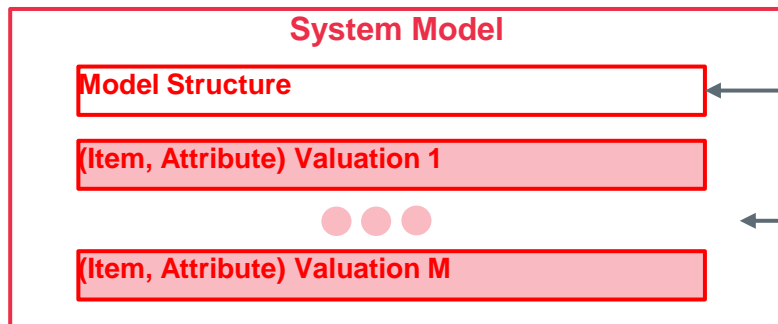


# ATTRIBUTE REPAIR AS WEIGHTED MAXSAT



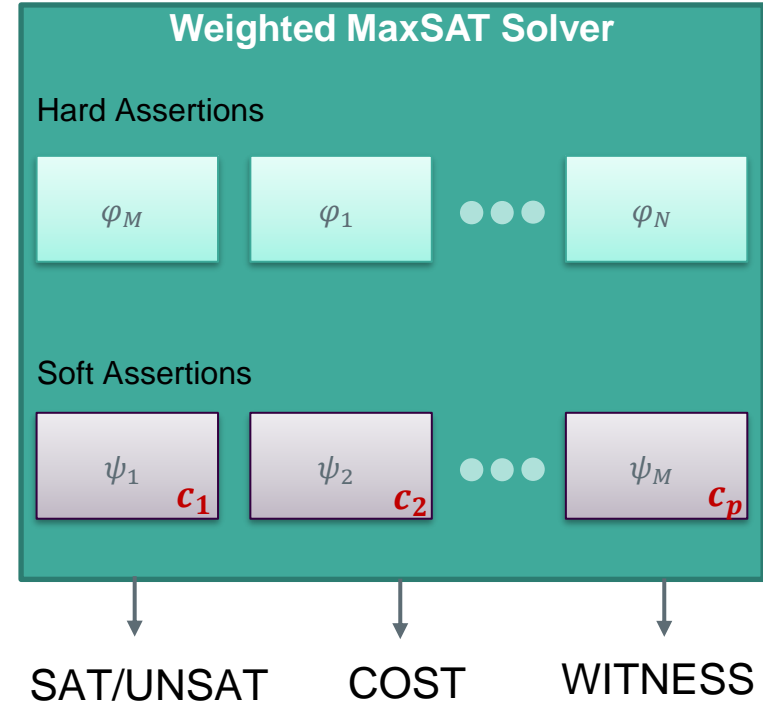
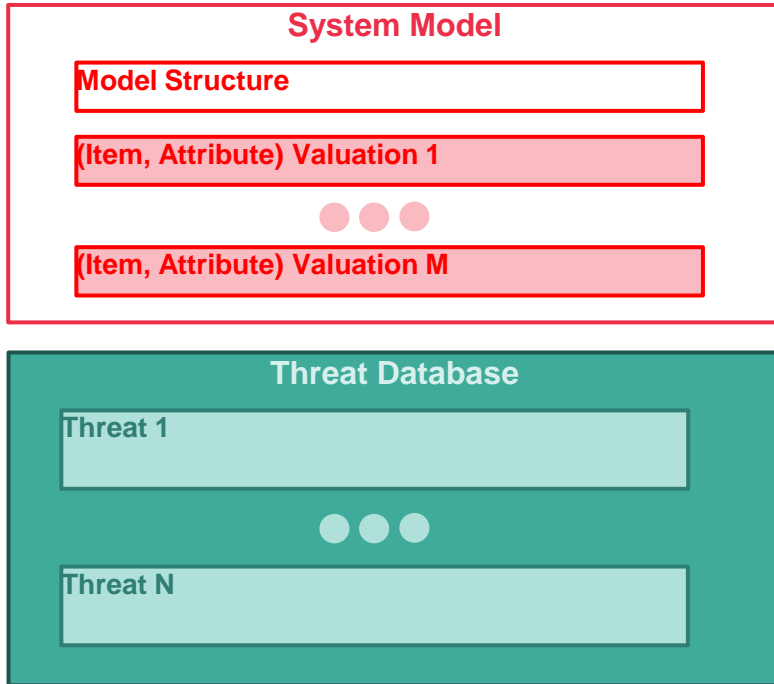
Attribute	Value	Weight
Authentication	No	100
Encryption	Yes	10
...	...	...

# ATTRIBUTE REPAIR AS WEIGHTED MAXSAT

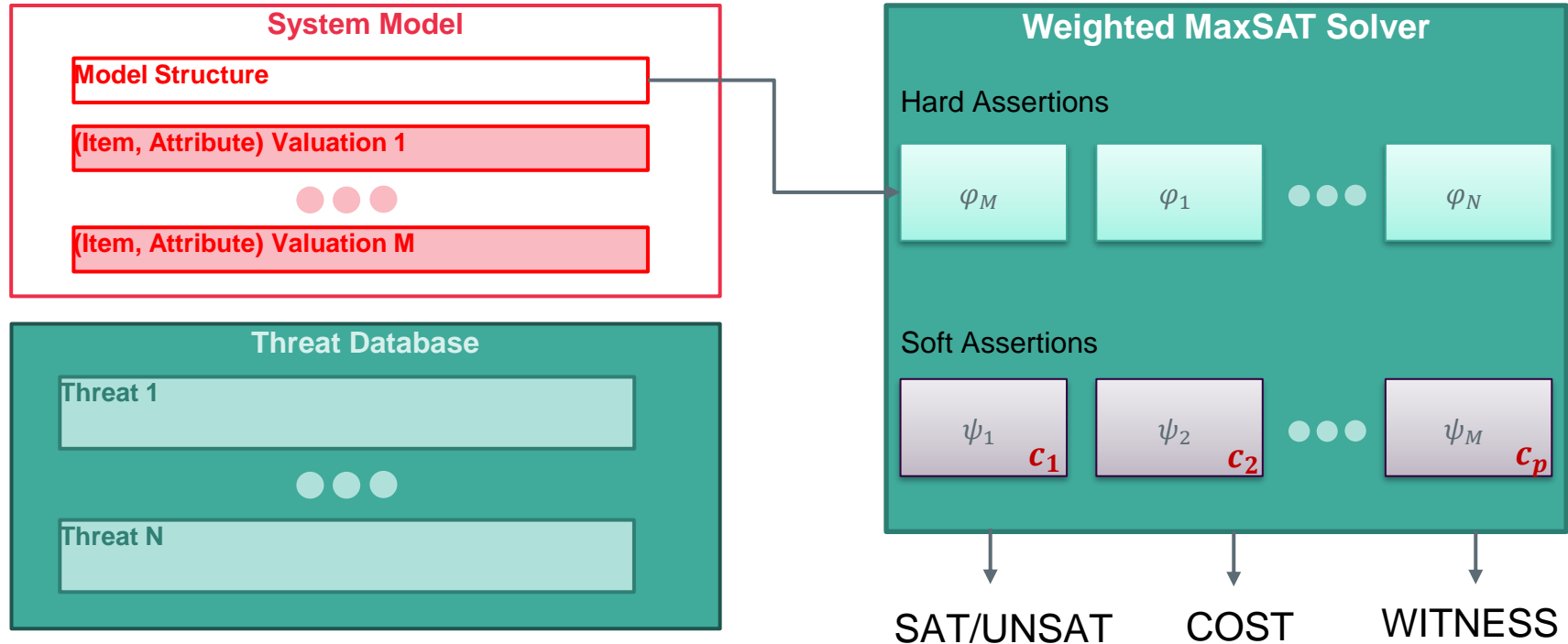


Attribute	Value	Weight
Authentication	No	100
Encryption	Yes	10
...	...	...

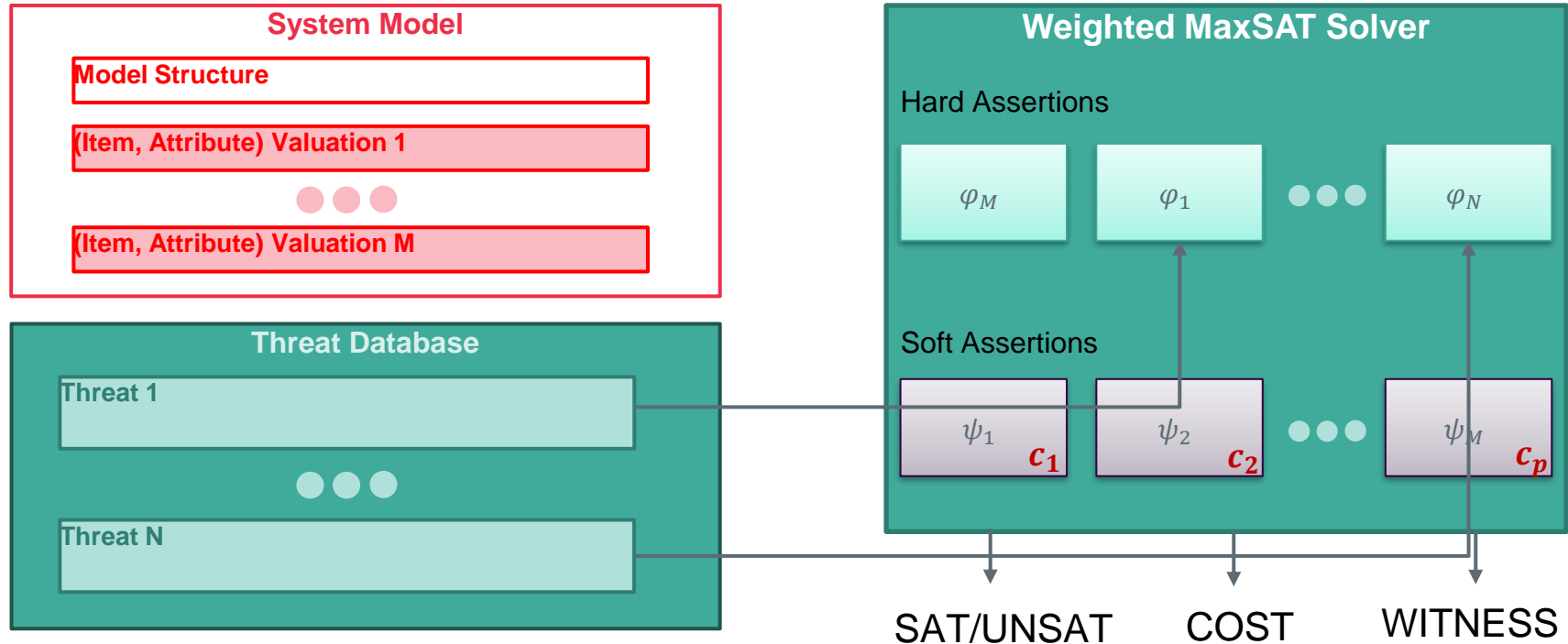
# ATTRIBUTE REPAIR AS WEIGHTED MAXSAT



# ATTRIBUTE REPAIR AS WEIGHTED MAXSAT

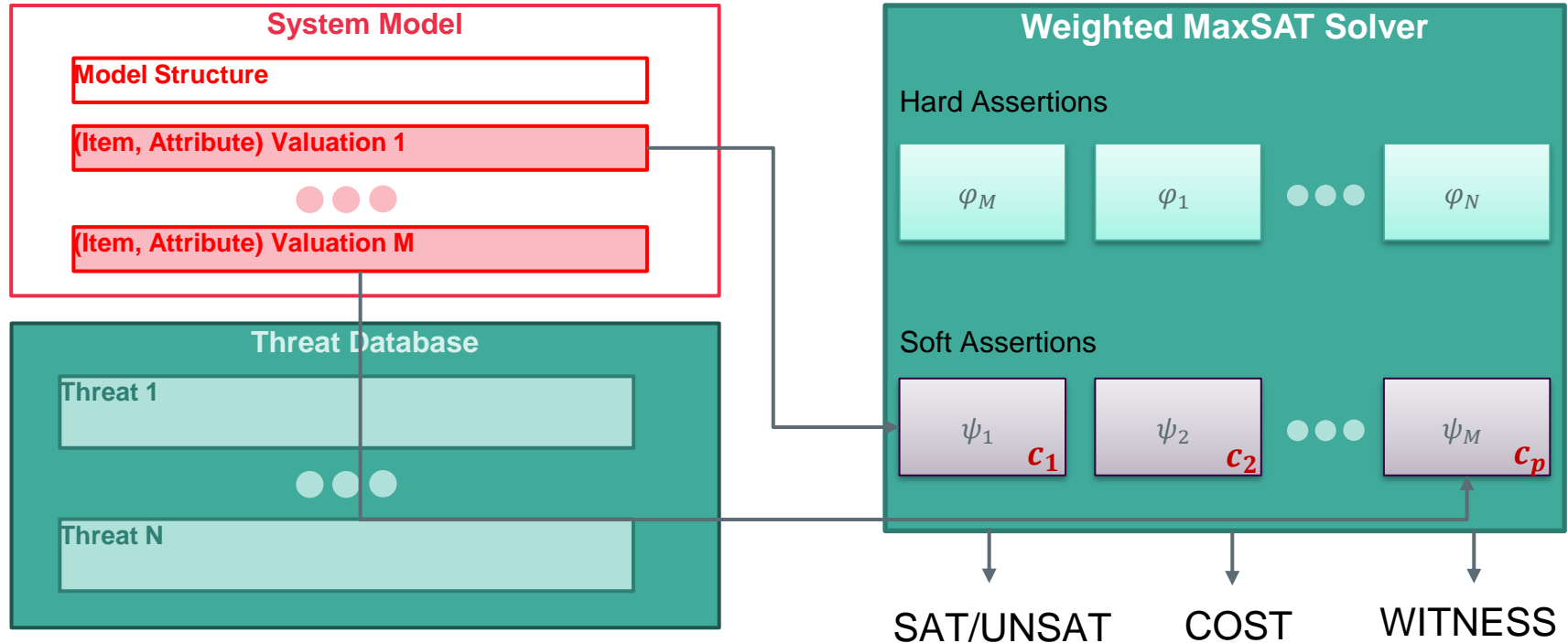


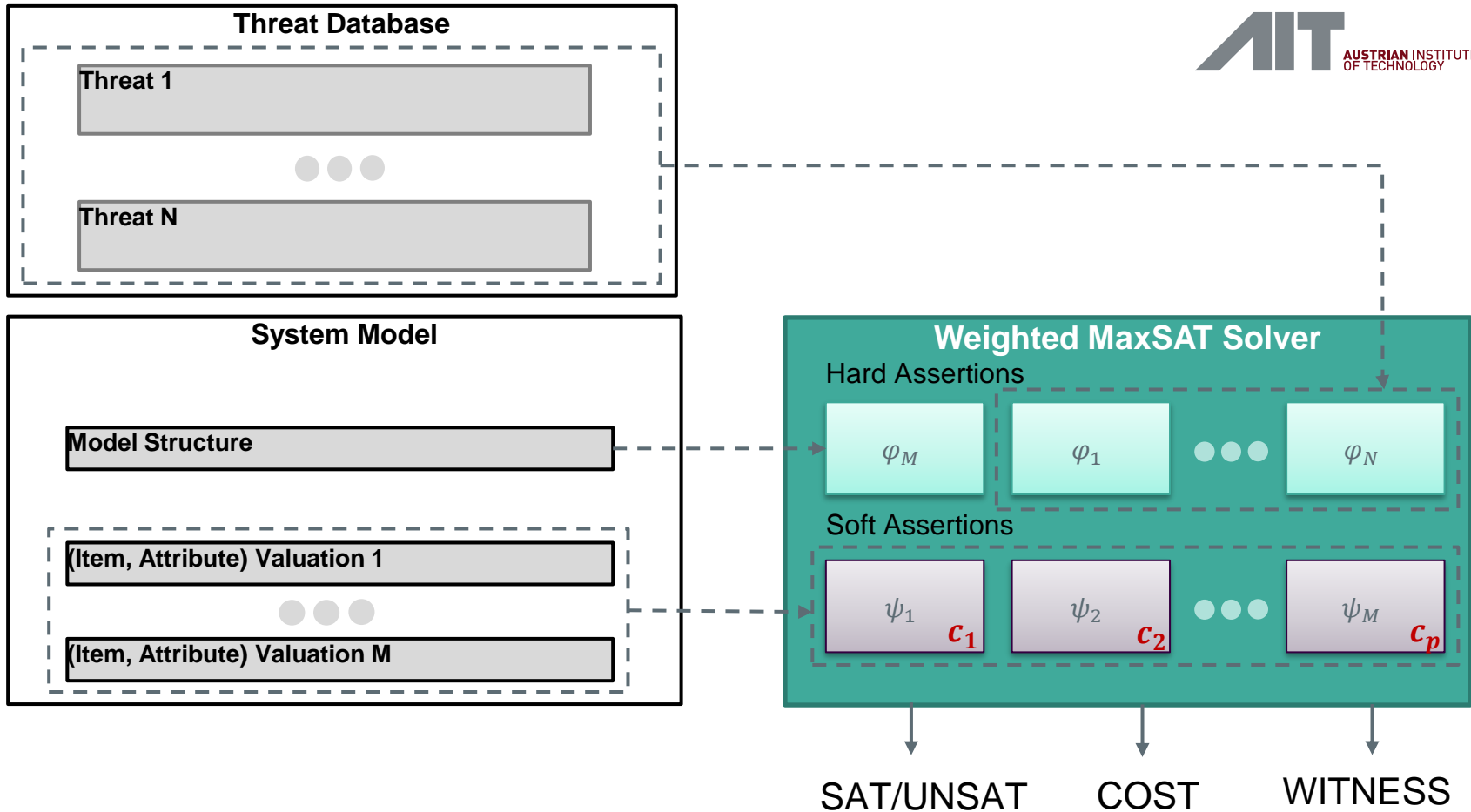
# ATTRIBUTE REPAIR AS WEIGHTED MAXSAT



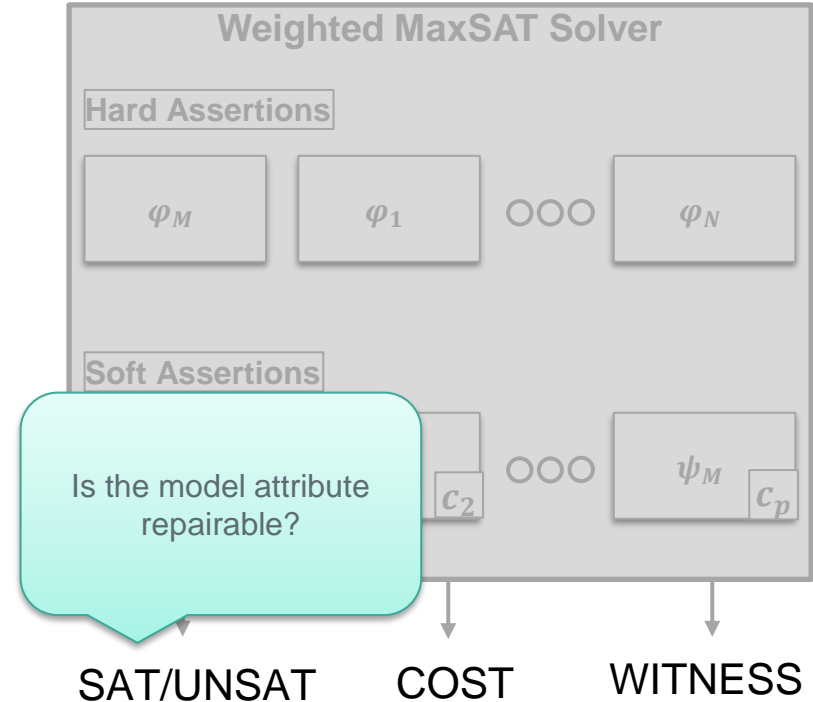
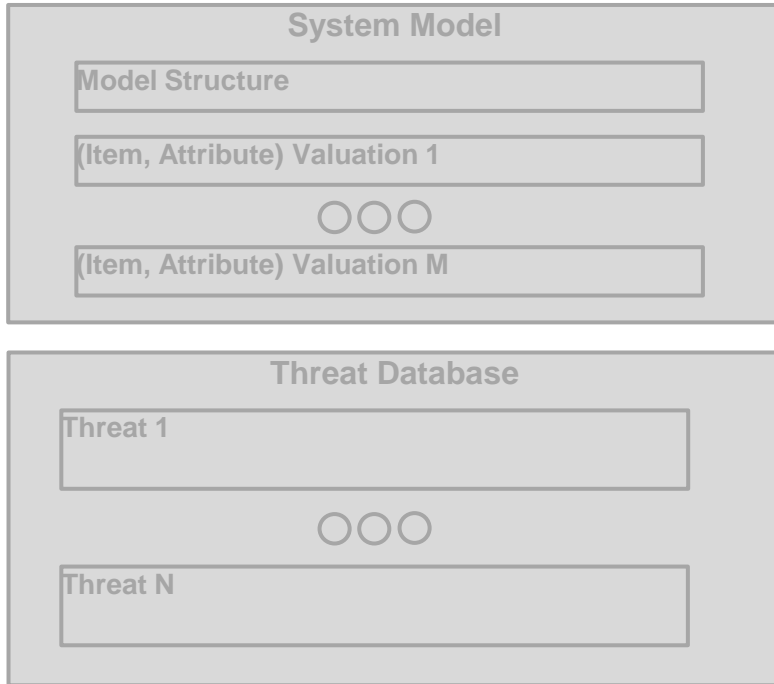


# ATTRIBUTE REPAIR AS WEIGHTED MAXSAT

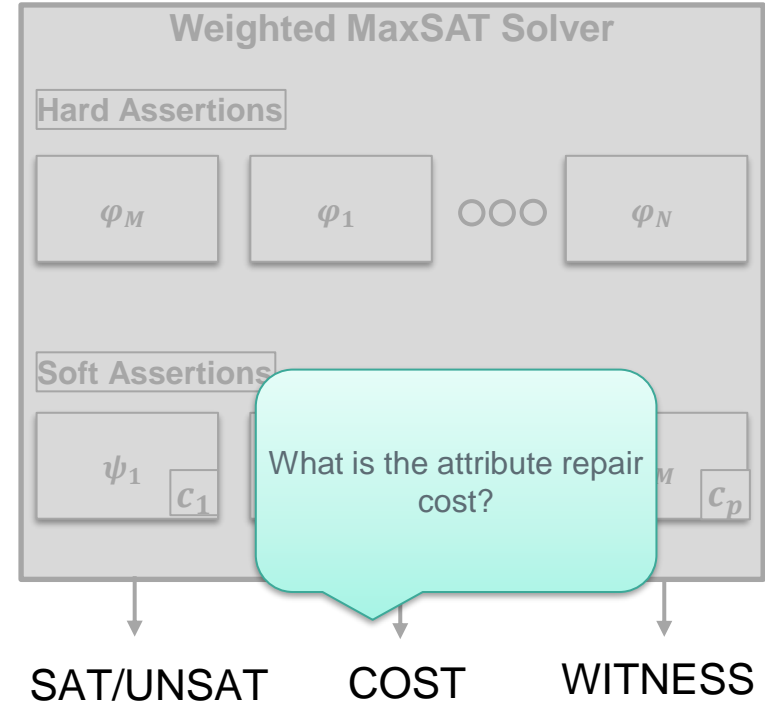
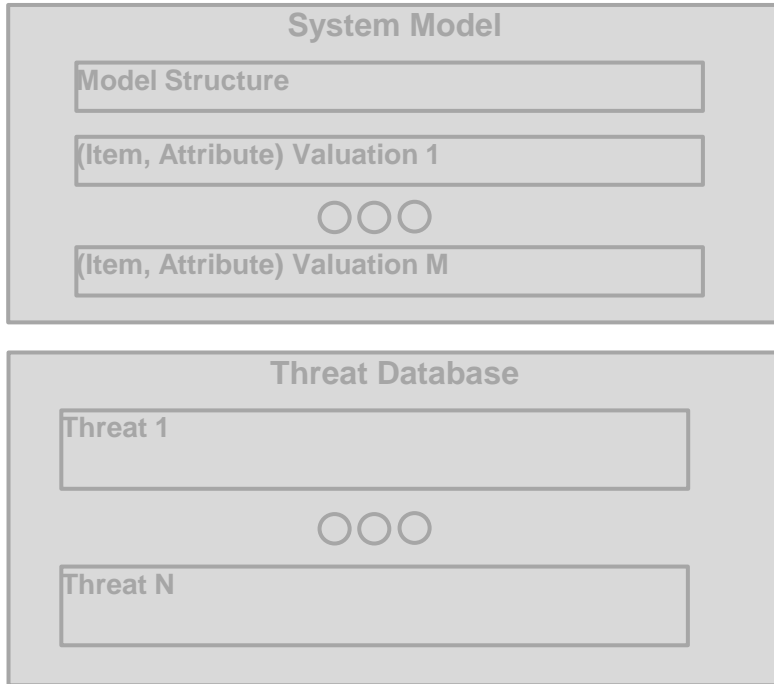




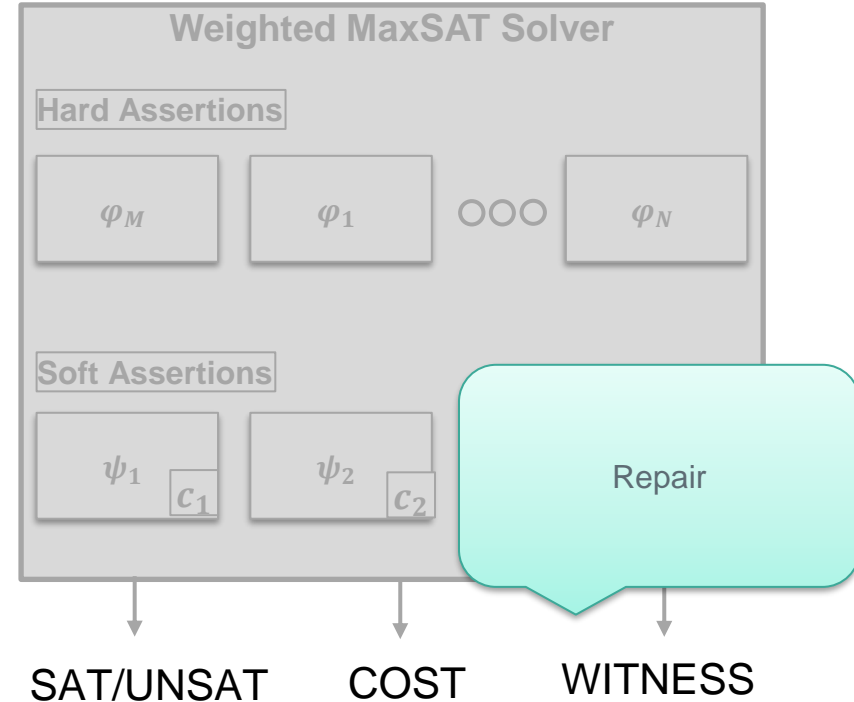
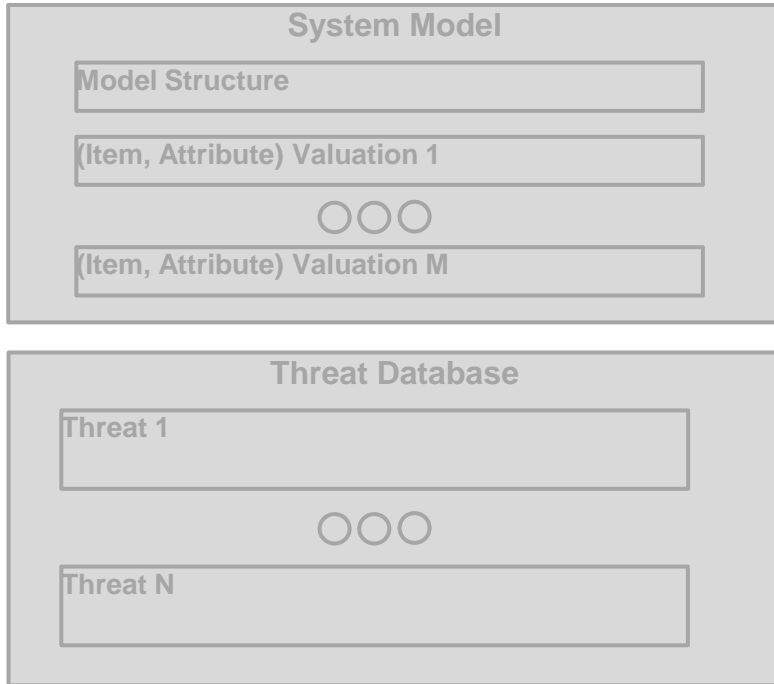
# ATTRIBUTE REPAIR AS WEIGHTED MAXSAT



# ATTRIBUTE REPAIR AS WEIGHTED MAXSAT

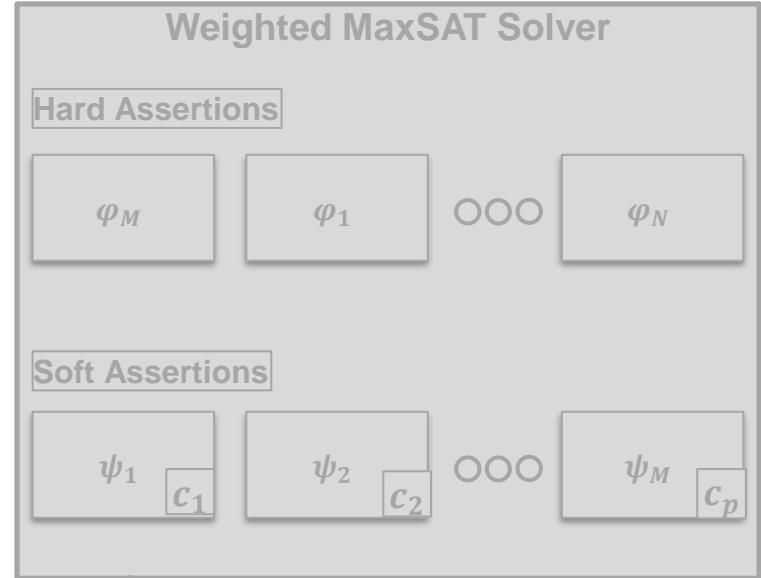
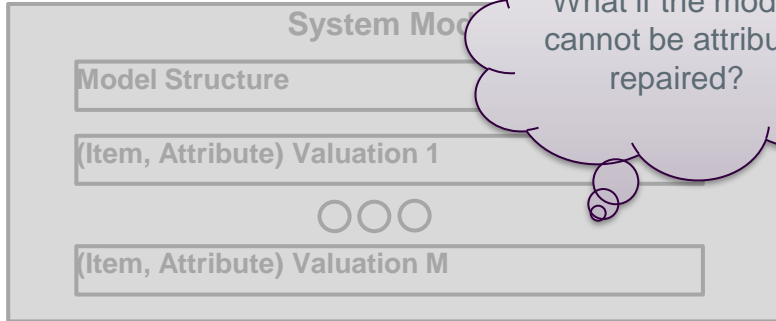


# ATTRIBUTE REPAIR AS WEIGHTED MAXSAT



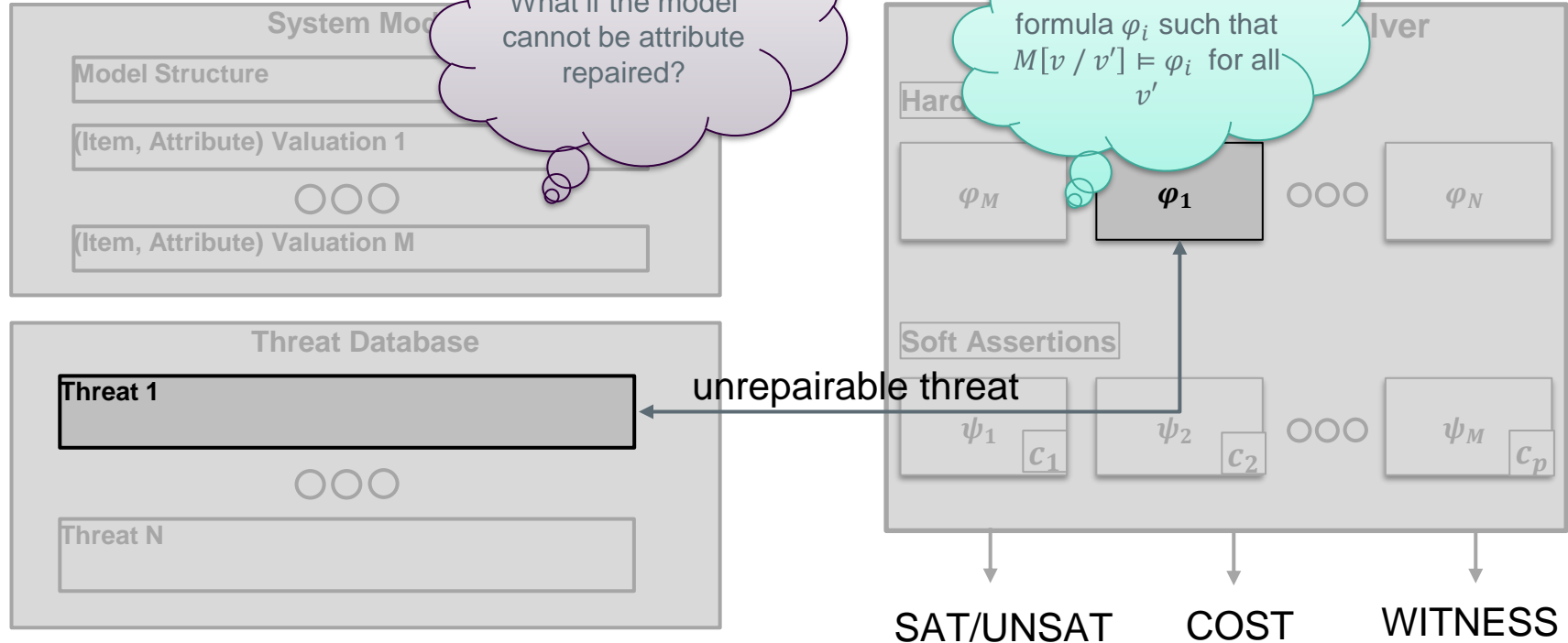
# ATTRIBUTE REPAIR AS WEIGHTED MAXSAT

What if the model cannot be attribute repaired?

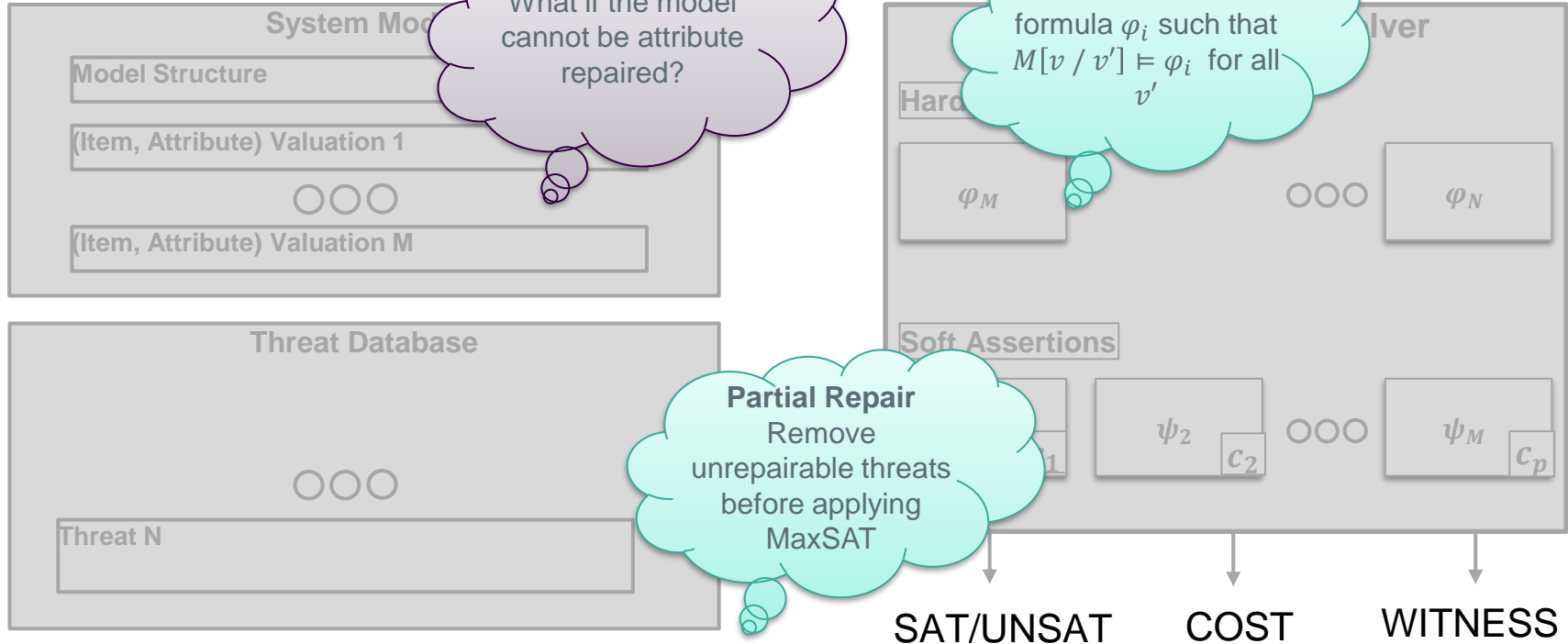


SAT/UNSAT   COST   WITNESS

# ATTRIBUTE REPAIR AS WEIGHTED MAXSAT

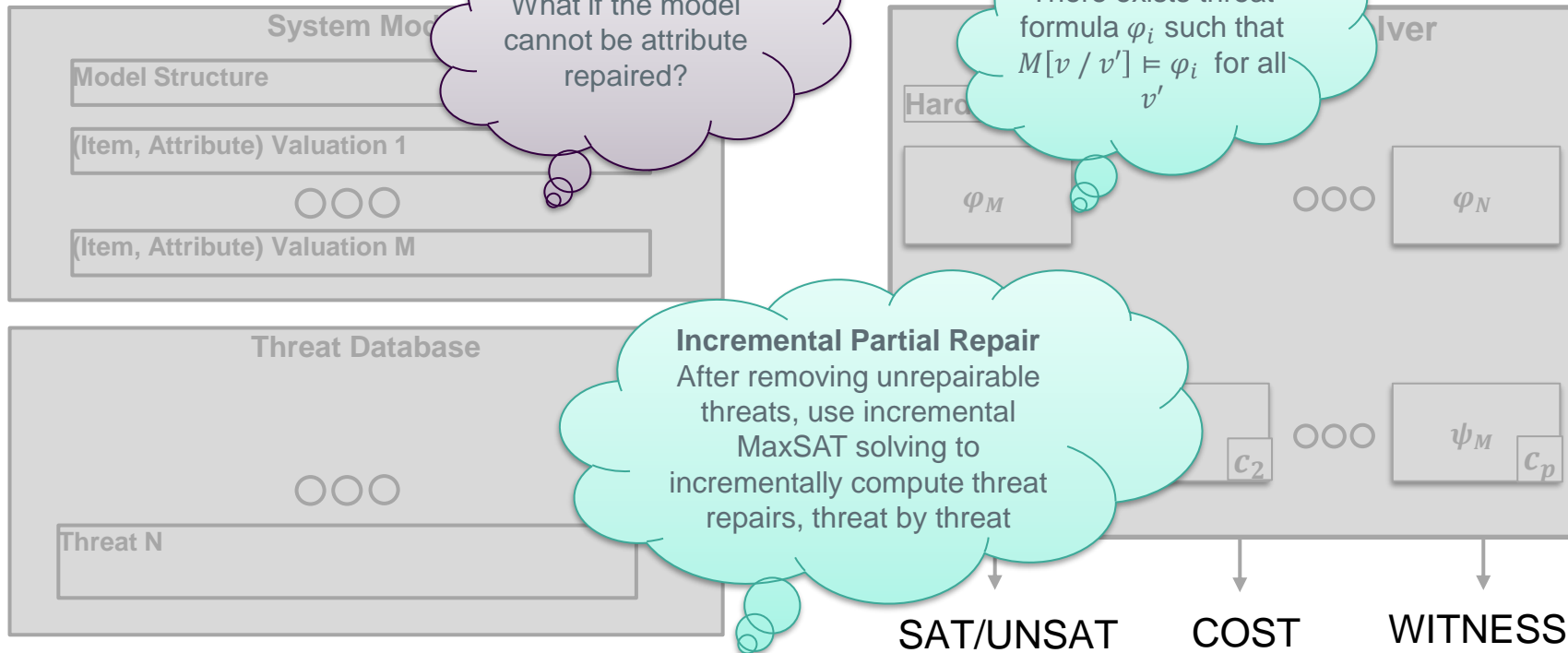


# ATTRIBUTE REPAIR AS WEIGHTED MAXSAT





# ATTRIBUTE REPAIR AS WEIGHTED MAXSAT

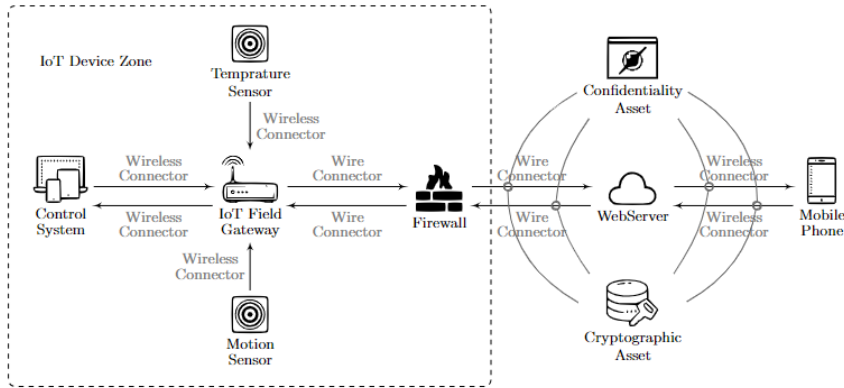


# IMPLEMENTATION AND CASE STUDIES

# IMPLEMENTATION

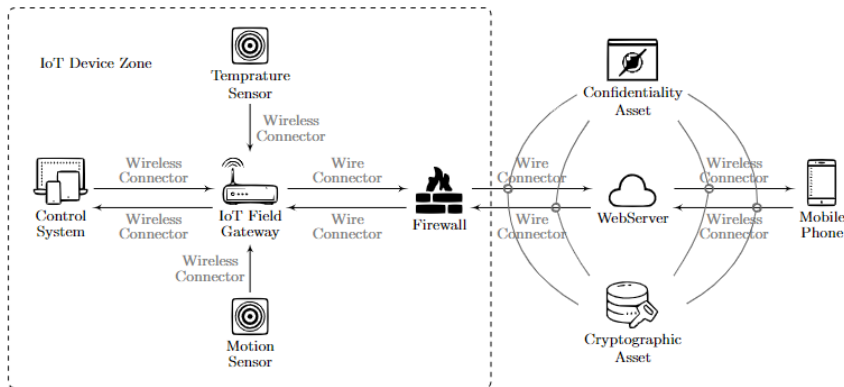
- Java implementation as an external module to THREATGET
- Z3 SMT solver used for MaxSAT

# SMART HOME IOT



<b>Verdict</b>	<b>SAT</b>
<b># formulas (F)</b>	<b>169</b>
<b># rep Fs</b>	<b>27</b>
<b># unrep Fs</b>	<b>9</b>
<b># Fs wo threat</b>	<b>133</b>
<b>Total cost</b>	<b>77</b>
<b>Time</b>	<b>47</b>

# SMART HOME IOT



## Example of repairable threat:

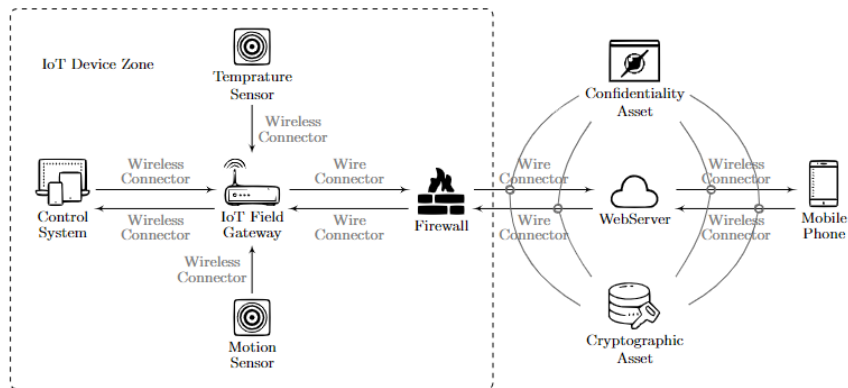
*“Attacker can deny the malicious act and remove the attack footprints leading to repudiation issues”*

$$\exists e. \text{type}(e) = \text{Firewall} \wedge v(e, \text{Activity Logging}) \in \{\text{Missing}, \text{Undefined}\}$$

*Repair: set Activity Logging to Yes*

Verdict	SAT
# formulas (F)	169
# rep Fs	27
# unrep Fs	9
# Fs wo threat	133
Total cost	77
Time	47

# SMART HOME IOT



## Example of unreparable threat:

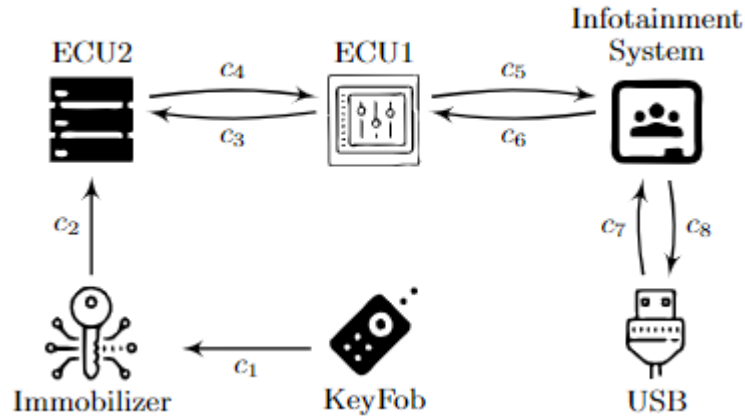
“Spoof IP”

$$\begin{aligned} \exists e_1, e_2, c. \text{type}(c) &= \text{Internet Connection} \wedge \text{src}(c) \\ &= e_1 \wedge \text{tgt}(c) = e_2 \end{aligned}$$

Cannot remove the internet connection with attributes

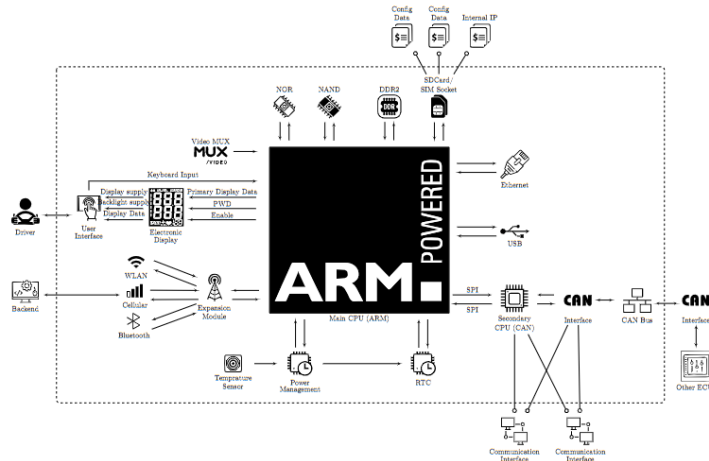
Verdict	SAT
# formulas (F)	169
# rep Fs	27
# unrep Fs	9
# Fs wo threat	133
Total cost	77
Time	47

# KEYFOB



	All threats		Subset	
	Full	Heur	Full	Heur
Verdict	UNSAT	SAT	SAT	SAT
Total # Fs	165	165	21	21
# rep Fs	n/a	25	4	4
# unrep Fs	n/a	7	0	0
# Fs wo threat	n/a	133	17	17
Cost	n/a	33	9	11
Time (s)	4	103	10	26

# VEHICULAR TELEMATIC GATEWAY



Threat rule with flow (path) property



	With flow	WO flow
Verdict	SAT	SAT
Total # Fs	95	82
# rep Fs	19	18
# unrep Fs	23	21
# Fs wo threats	53	43
Cost	57	57
Time (s)	497	118



# CONCLUSIONS

- Automated threat prevention
    - Repairing security-related system attributes
  - Widely applicable
  - SAT formulation of flows not optimal
- Model repair
    - Address limitation of attribute repair
    - Define a set of meaningful repair patterns

# THANK YOU!

Lecturer, Date

